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Patentanmeldung Nr.

Patent application No. Demande de brevet n°

02291389.1

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Anmeldung Nr:

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Anmelder/Applicant(s)/Demandeur(s):

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Bezeichnung der Erfindung/Title of the invention/Titre de l'invention: (Falls die Bezeichnung der Erfindung nicht angegeben ist, siehe Beschreibung. If no title is shown please refer to the description. Si aucun titre n'est indiqué se referer à la description.)

Managing a communication device

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### Managing a communication device

#### FIELD OF THE INVENTION

5 The invention rolates to managing communication device being arranged to communicate with a servor. The communication device may be, for example, a subscribor identity module (SIM) which is present in a mobile phone.

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#### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION '--

GSM network, SMS (Short Mossages Scrvice) messages can be used to load 15 applications from a remote content server into a SIM card that is inserted in a mobile phone. This can be done on the initiative of the remote content server. This is possible because the mobile phone is listening for incoming SMS messages.

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#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It is an object of the invention to manage a 25 communication device more efficiently.

According to one aspect of the invention, a method of managing a communication device being arranged to network and a second communication network characterised in that the method comprises the following steps:

> - an instruction step, in which the server sends a management-request instruction to the communication device via the first communication network and;

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an executing step, in which the communication device- executes the management-request instruction which causes \_ the communication device to request the server to effect an operation via the second communication device communication network.

The first communication network may be, for example, a GSM network. The second communication network may be, for example, a GPRS (General Packet Radio Service) network. The communication device may be, for example, a mobile phone in which a SIM card is inserted.

The GSM network enables the scrver, at its own initiative, to send SMS messages to several mobile phones simultaneously. The GSM network thus enables to diffuse instructions.

Certain mobile phones can communicate via a GPRS network and a GSM network. Generally, a GPRS network does not allow a diffusion of instructions. What is more, a communication via a GPRS network can be ' established only on the initiative of the mobile phone and not on that of the server. The reason for this is that the GPRS network is based on the Internet Protocol (IP). However a GPRS network generally has a relatively wide bandwidth, which allows a fast transfer of data. The same applies to other types of networks that are TP Universal like, example, Æ for based Telecommunication System (UMTS) network.

In accordance with the invention, the server uses the GEM network to diffuse a management-request instruction rather than the management instruction itself. The management-request instruction causes the mobile phone, or the SIM card inscrted therein, to

request the perver to send him one or more management instructions via the GPRS notwork, or a similar network. Thus, the mobile phone or the SIM card inserted therein is managed via the GPRS network which has a relatively wide bandwidth. Consequently, the mobile phone, or the SIM card inserted therein, can be managed in a relatively short time. Consequently the invention allows an efficient management.

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#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 illustrates a wireless network system;

15 Fig. 2 illustrates a method of establishing a connection between a mobile phone and a content server via a GPRS network.

#### 20 DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Fig. 1 illustrates a wireless network system. The wireless network system includes a SIM card SIC to be inserted in a mobile phone MP.

The mobile phone MP is arranged to communicate with a content server SERV via a GSM network GSMNET and a GPRS (General Packet Radio Service) based network IPNET. A GPRS based network generally has a higher-speed data transfer than that of a GSM network GSMNET.

The content server SERV may comprise data or various applications to be loaded into the SIM card SIC. These applications or data can be loaded via one or several ports of the server SERV. The data or application can be loaded on a per-SIM card mode or on a campaign basis. In the latter case, the server SERV loads data into a group of SIM cards (SIC). It is

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somewhat like a "broadcast" updatc. -

The mobile phone MP\_can receive SMS messages from the content server SERV via the GSM network GSMNET.

The mobile phone MP is listening to the GSM network GSMNET for incoming SMS (Short Message Service) messages.

Fig. 2 illustrates a method of establishing a connection between the mobile phone MP and the content server SERV via the GPRS network.

In an SMS sending step SMSSEND, the content server SERV sends an SMS message via the GSM network GSMNET to the mobile phone MP. The SMS message comprises instructions defining a request for opening a connection between the mobile phone MP and the content server SERV via the GPRS based network IPNET. The SMS message may also comprise a destination data defining the address of the content server SERV and a data defining the specific port of the server SERV, for example, the port number PORTNUM.

In an SMS delivering step SMSDELIVER, the mobile phone MP delivers the SMS message to the SIM card SIC. The SIM card SIC contains a software which can analyse and understand the instructions and data contained in the SMS message. The software may be a part of an operating system on the SIM card or an application on the SIM card SIC.

In a connection opening step CONOPEN, the SIM card SIC requests the mobile phone MP to establish a connection with the content server SERV via the GPRS based network IPNET. To that effect, the SIM card (SIC) for example, can use the received destination data and the data defining the specific port of the server SERV.

Once the connection is established, the content server SERV can load data or applications into the SIM

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card SIC via the GPRS based network.

Thus in summary, the content server SERV uses the GSM network GSMNET to instruct the mobile phone MP to catablish a connection via the GPRS based network. Consequently, the server (SERV) takes the initiative to manage data, applications or other entities in the SIM card (SIC).

The communication between the mobile phone MP and the SIM card SIC can be made using, for example, the GOPP TS 11.14 protocol and the GOPP TS 31.111 protocol. The communication between the mobile phone MP and the content server SERV can be made using, for example, the 15 3GPP TS 03.60 protocol.

The description hereinbefore illustrates the following features:

- A method of managing a communication dovice (MP) being arranged to communicate with a server (SERV) via a first communication network (GSMNET) and a second communication network (IPNET) characterised in that the method comprises the following step:
- 25 an instruction step, in which the server (SERV) sends a management-request
  - instruction to the communication device (MP) via the first communication network and:
  - an executing stop, in which the communication device (MP) executes the management-request instruction which causes the communication device. (MP) to request the server (SERV) to effect an operation in the communication device (MP) second communication network (IPNET).

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There are various manners to implement the invention. The GPRS based network IPNET can also be a UMTS (Universal Mobile Telecommunication System), a wireless LAN (Local Area Network) network or more generally any IP (internet protocol) based network. An IP based network is a network which uses IP (Internet Protocol). We can also use the Bluetooth or the IrDA (InfraRedAssociationData).

There can also be more than one IP based network. For example, we can have both a GPRS based network and a UMTS based network.

There can also be more than one content server SERV.

Not only can we use a mobile phone MP with a SIM card SIC, but also a mobile phone MP alone, a PDA (personal digital assistant) or any other communication device capable of communicating with the above mentioned networks.

The server (SERV) can be any remote device capable of managing the communication device (MP) via a communication network.



#### CLAIMS

- 1.A method of managing a communication device (MP) being arranged to communicate with a server (SERV) via a first communication network (GSMNET) and a second communication network (IPNET) characterised in that the method comprises the following steps:
- an instruction step in which the server

  (SERV) sends a management-request
  instruction to the communication device
  (MP) via the first communication network
  and;
- 15 anexecuting atep in which the communication device (MP) executes the management-request instruction which causes the communication device (MP) to request the server (SERV) to effect an operation in the communication device (MP) 20 via second communication network (IPNFT).
- 2. The method according to claim 1, characterised in that the first communication network is a GSM network (GSMNET) and the second communication network is a GPRS based network (IPNET).
- 3. A systom comprising a communication device (MP) and a server (SERV), the communication device being arranged to communicate with the 30 server (SERV) via first communication network (GSMNET) and a proper communication network (IPNET), the system characterised in that the server (SERV) is arranged to management-request instruction send the communication device (MP) via the first communication 35 network and in that the communication device (MP)



arranged to execute the management-request instruction to cause the communication device (MP) to request the server (SERV) to effect an operation in the communication device (MP) via the second communication network (IPNET).

4. The system according to claim 3, characterized in that the first communication network is a GSM network (CSMNET) and the second communication network is a GPRS based network (IPNET).

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#### SUMMARY

- 5 A Method of managing a communication device (MP) being arranged to communicate with a server (SERV) via a first communication network (GSMNET) and a second communication network (IPNET) is characterised in that the method comprises the following step:
- an instruction step, in which the server (SERV) sends a management-request instruction to the communication device (MP) via the first communication network and;
- which the executing step, in 15 an (MP) executes the device communication management-request instruction which causes the communication device (MP) to request the server (SERV) to effect an operation in : communication device (MP) via 20 the second communication network (IPNET).

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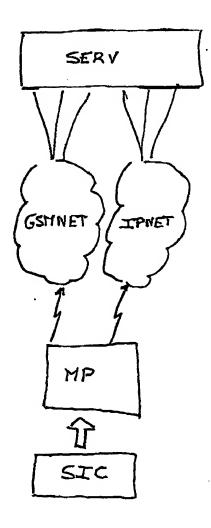
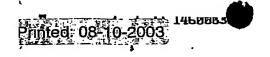


Fig 1 1/2



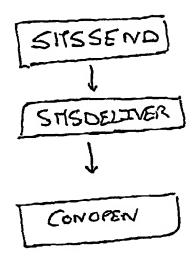


Fig 2 2/2

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